

No. UM-012	Medicare Consistency and Timeliness for UM Decisions	
Effective Date: 1/1/2022	POLICY AND PROCEDURE	
Committee Approval: 01/11/23 Previous Versions: See Revision History Last Page CMS: Managed Care Manual Chapter 13	Sections: 50.4 (4-20-12) and 90.3 (4-20-12) and CFR 42 §	CHEA
	422.568 (b) (2)	

Oversight of Medicare Utilization Management Timely Decision Making and Notification Policy

Canopy Health's delegated medical groups/IPAs make Medicare Utilization Management (UM) decisions in a timely manner to accommodate the clinical urgency of the situation by following the CMS Medicare and accreditation requirements.

Canopy Health Delegation Oversight Committee reviews and provides oversight of the delegated medical group's/IPA's decision making and referral management regarding decision timeliness. This is done by reviewing monthly UM logs, annual and semi-annual ICE reports from each medical group/IPA and by auditing records from UM logs (approvals and denials), applying the CMS timeliness standards.

In all cases, the determination will be made as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition requires and within the following decision turnaround times:



ICE Medicare Advantage UM TAT grid 06-10-11; Revised 6-5-03; 5/17/04, 4/26/06, 9/13/07, 6/10/11

Type of Request	Decision	Notification Timeframes
Standard Initial Organization Determination (Pre-Service) - If No Extension Requested or Needed	As soon as medically indicated, within a maximum of 14 calendar days after receipt of request.	Within 14 calendar days after receipt of request. Use the Notice of Denial of Medical Coverage (NDMC) template for written notification of denial decision.
Standard Initial Organization Determination (Pre-Service) - If Extension Requested or Needed	Note: Extension allowed only if member requests or the provider / organization justifies a need for additional information and is able to demonstrate how the delay is in the interest of the member (for example, the receipt of additional medical evidence from non-contracted providers may change a decision to deny). Extensions must not be used to pend organization determinations while waiting for medical records from contracted providers.	 Use the MA-Extension: Standard & Expedited to notify member and provider of an extension. Extension Notice: Give notice in writing within 14 calendar days of receipt of request. The extension notice must include:
Expedited Initial Organization Determination - If Expedited Criteria are not met	Promptly decide whether to expedite — determine if: 1) Applying the standard timeframe could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the member or the member's ability to regain maximum function, or 2) If a physician (contracted or noncontracted) is requesting an expedited decision (oral or written) or is supporting a member's request for an expedited decision. If submitted as expedited but determined not to be expedited, then standard initial organization determination timeframe applies: Automatically transfer the request to the standard timeframe.	If request is not deemed to be expedited, give the member prompt (within 72 hours) oral notice of the denial of expedited status including the member's rights followed by written notice within 3 calendar days of the oral notice. Use the MA Expedited Criteria Not Met template to provide written notice. The written notice must include: 1) Explain that the Health Plan will automatically transfer and process the request using the 14-day timeframe for standard determinations; 2) Inform the member of the right to file an expedited grievance if he/she disagrees with the organization's decision not to expedite the determination; 3) Inform the member of the right to resubmit a request for an expedited determination and that if the member gets any physician's support indicating that applying the standard



Type of Request	Decision	Notification Timeframes
	 The 14 day period begins with the day the request was received for an expedited determination. 	timeframe for making determinations could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the member, or the member's ability to regain maximum function, the request will be expedited automatically; and 4) Provide instructions about the expedited grievance process and its timeframes.
Expedited Initial Organization Determination - If No Extension Requested or Needed (See footnote) ¹	As soon as medically necessary, within 72 hours after receipt of request (includes weekends & holidays).	Within 72 hours after receipt of request. Approvals Oral or written notice must be given to member and provider within 72 hours of receipt of request. Document date and time oral notice is given. If written notice only is given, it must be received by member and provider within 72 hours of receipt of request. Denials When oral notice is given, it must occur within 72 hours of receipt of request and must be followed by written notice within 3 calendar days of the oral notice. Document date and time of oral notice. If only written notice is given, it must be received by member and provider within 72 hours of receipt of request. Use NDMC template for written notification of a denial decision.
Expedited Initial Organization Determination - If Extension Requested or Needed	Mote: Extension allowed <i>only</i> if member requests or the provider / organization justifies a need for additional information and is able to demonstrate how the delay is in the interest of the member (for example, the receipt of additional medical evidence from non-contracted providers may change a decision to deny). Extensions <i>must not</i> be used to pend organization determinations while waiting for medical records from contracted providers.	 Use the MA-Extension: Standard & Expedited template to notify member and provider of an extension. Extension Notice: Give notice in writing, within 72 hours of receipt of request. The extension notice must include: The reasons for the delay The right to file an expedited grievance (oral or written) if they disagree with the decision to grant an extension.

¹ Note: Health Plans may have referral requirements that may impact timelines. When processing expedited requests, groups must factor in the time it may take to refer the request to the health plan in the total 72 hours to ensure that expedited requests are handled timely.

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Type of Request	Decision	1	Noti	fication Timeframes	
	from non-contracted providers, the organization must make an attempt to obtain the information within 24 hours of receipt of the request. This attempt may be verbal, fax or electronic. The Extension Notice may be used to satisfy this requirement if it is delivered within 24 hours (e.g., fax or e-mail to provider). The attempt must be documented in the request file (e.g., copy of e-mail, confirmation of fax, or date/time of verbal request). Documentation of the attempt within 24		grievance within 24 Decision Notification Approvals Oral or wrangement a expiration Document or received by than upon a later than must be for calendar of than upon or life only writer received by than upon or life only writer land upon	Oral or written notice must be given to member and provider no later than upon expiration of extension. Document date and time oral notice is given. If written notice only is given, it must be received by member and provider no later than upon expiration of the extension.	
Part B Prescription Drugs (42 CFR § 422.568 (b) (2)) All requests must be determexpeditiously as the enrolled condition requires but no labours after receipt of the retaining the receipt of the receipt of the retaining the receipt of t		lee's health later than 72 request.		the enrollee's health condition o later than 72 hours after receipt	
Type of Request	Decision		age from Medicare	Detailed Notice of Discharge (DND)	
Discharge Appeal Notices (Concurrent) Concurrent Hosp valid Impo	nding physician must cur with discharge decision inpatient hospital to any or level of care or care ng. Continue coverage of tient care until physician currence obtained. Ditals are responsible for delivery of the revised ortant Message from icare (IM):	Hospitals must issunot more than 2 cato discharge from hospital.	dmission, obtain the member or diprovide a copy of e. the a follow up IM alendar days prior	Upon notification by the QIO that a member or representative has requested an appeal, the Health Plan or delegate must issue the DND to both the member and QIO as soon as possible but no later than noon of the day after notification by the QIO. The DND must include: A detailed explanation of why services are either no longer reasonable and necessary or are no longer	



Type of Request	Decisio	on	Notifica	ntion Timeframes
	 within 2 calendar days of admission to a hospital inpatient setting. not more than 2 calendar days prior to discharge from a hospital inpatient setting. 	of the IM calendar of When med transferre inpatient I	livery and signing took place within 2 lays of discharge. mber is being d from inpatient to nospital setting. stion of Part A days, licable.	A description of any applicable Medicare coverage rules, instructions, or other Medicare policy, including information about how the member may obtain a copy of the Medicare policy from the MA organization.
	Health Plans or delegates are responsible for delivery of the Detailed Notice of Discharge (DND) when a member appeals a discharge decision. DND must be delivered as soon as possible but no later than noon of the day after notification by the QIO (Quality Improvement Organization).	when applicable. If IM is given on day of discharge to unexpected physician order discharge, member must be adequate time (at least sevent to consider their right to require QIO review.	rsician order for r must be given least several hours)	Any applicable Medicare health plan policy, contract provision, or rationale upon which the discharge determination was based. Facts specific to the member and relevant to the coverage determination sufficient to advise the member of the applicability of the coverage rule or policy to the member's case. Any other information required by CMS.

Type of Request	Decision	Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage (NOMNC) Notification	Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage (DENC) Notification
Termination of Provider Services: Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Home Health Agency (HHA) Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF)	The Health Plan or delegate is responsible for making the decision to end services no later than two (2) calendar days or 2 visits before coverage ends: Discharge from SNF, HHA or CORF services OR A determination that such services are no longer medically necessary	The SNF, HHA or CORF is responsible for delivery of the NOMNC to the member or authorized representative The NOMNC must be delivered no later than 2 calendar days or 2 visits prior to the proposed termination of services and must include: member name, delivery date, date that coverage of services ends, and QIO contact information. The NOMNC may be delivered earlier if the date that coverage will end is known. If expected length of stay or service is 2 days or less, give notice on admission.	Upon notification by the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) that a member or authorized representative has requested an appeal: The Health Plan or delegate must issue the DENC to both the QIO and member no later than close of business of the day the QIO notifies the Health Plan of the appeal.
NOTE: This process does not apply to SNF Exhaustion of Benefits (100 day limit).		Note : Check with Health Plan or delegate for delegated responsibility, as a Health Plan or delegate may choose to deliver the NOMNC instead of the provider.	

Valid Oral Notification: The following are considered valid oral notification attempts:



- 1. Speaking with the Member or Representative directly
- 2. Attempting to contact the Member or Representative and leaving a HIPAA approved voicemail on the Member's or Representative's preferred phone number or
- 3. Making a good faith attempt to contact the Member or Representative at the preferred phone number, however, there is no answer, no answering machine, or the phone number is invalid. When a good faith attempt has been made, the date and time of the attempt must be properly documented in the delegate's system.

Make at least one attempt at oral (verbal) notification.

- If successful (including voicemail), provide written notification within three (3) calendar days of oral notification.
- If not successful (including getting a busy signal), document the good faith attempt:
 - When/How attempted to communicate the decision
 - Resolution outcome or type of decision: Coverage Determination with appeal rights (for denials)
 - Comments documenting the details of the good faith attempt, e.g., Good faith
 notification to <member name> at <phone number>. Attempt unsuccessful due
 to <no answer/answering machine, number invalid, member unavailable, phone
 busy/line unavailable>.

Envelope Requirements for Mail Notices

All UM Correspondence to a Medicare Advantage member must be sent in an envelope preprinted with the statement "Important Plan Information." Delegates may use pre-printed labels or ink stamps instead of pre-printed envelopes.

Revision History:

Version Date	Edited By	Reason for Change
1/1/2020	R. Scott	Initial Policy Creation
1/1/2022	R. Scott	Removed references to PBM as risk for self-injectable medications is the responsibility of the upstream health plans as of 1/1/22. Added Medicare Part B Turnaround Times reflecting 42 CFR § 422.568 (b) (2).
01/1/23	L. Sasaki	Updated to reflect current oversight processes.